

UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS General Certificate of Education Ordinary Level

CANDIDATE NAME					
CENTRE NUMBER			CANDIDATE NUMBER		



FISHERIES SCIENCE

5151/01

Paper 1

October/November 2008

1 hour 30 minutes

Candidates answer on the Question Paper.

No Additional Materials are required.

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name on all the work you hand in.

Write in dark blue or black pen.

You may use a soft pencil for any diagrams, graphs or rough working.

Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.

DO NOT WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

Answer all questions.

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together.

The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.

For Exam	iner's Use
1	
2	
3	
4	
5	
6	
7	
8	
9	
10	
Total	

This document consists of 18 printed pages and 2 blank pages.



1 Fig. 1.1 shows eight different animals. (Diagrams are not to scale)



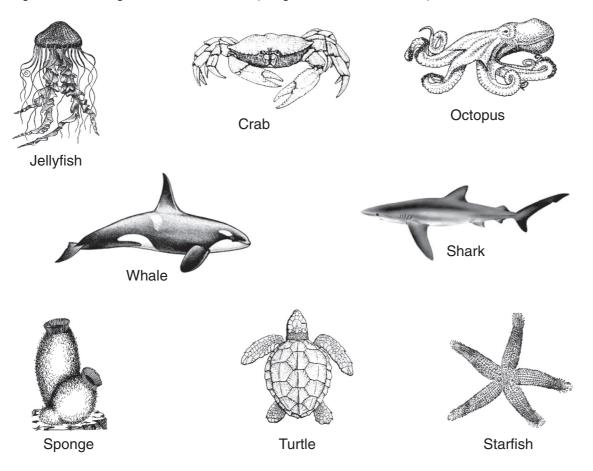


Fig. 1.1

(a) Complete Table 1.2 using the names of the animals from Fig.1.1.

Table 1.2

Group	Animal
Reptilia	
Mammalia	
Mollusca	
Cnidaria	

[4]

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(b)	Which four of the following species of fish are inshore species?

billfish

barracuda

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	snappers	trevally	tuna	wahoo	
1					
2					
3					
4					[4]

grouper rainbow runners

2 (a) Table 2.1 gives the fat content of five species of fish.

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Table 2.1

Fish species	Fat content (%)
Monkfish	1.5
Swordfish	4.1
Scad	5.8
Albacore	7.2
Skipjack	8.4
Mean	

- (i) Work out the mean fat content of the five species of fish and complete Table 2.1.
- (ii) Some of the figures have been plotted on Fig. 2.2. Plot the figures for scad and albacore

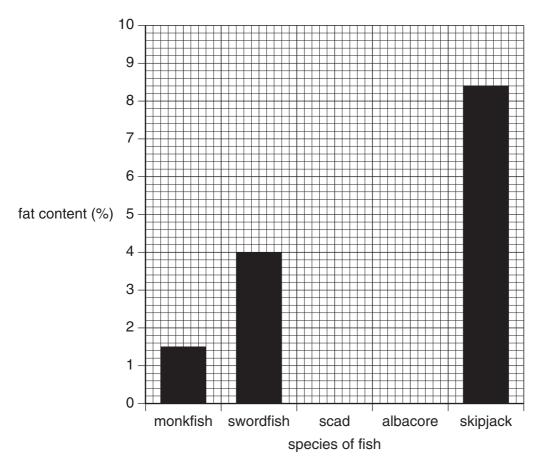


Fig. 2.2

[2]

(b)	Give one function of each of the following in the body:	For
	protein	Examiner's Use
	carbohydrate	
	[2]	
(C)	Explain how freezing preserves fish.	
	[0]	

3 Fig. 3.1 shows part of a marine food web.



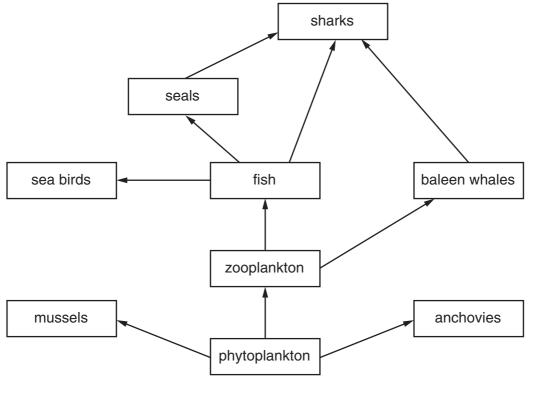


Fig. 3.1

(a)	(i)	State the energy source for the food web.
		[1]
((ii)	Explain the role of the phytoplankton in the food web.
		[3]
(i	iii)	What do the arrows in the food web represent?

(iv) Draw a pyramid of numbers for the food chain:

phytoplankton	zooplankton	-	baleen whales
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b)	Give	e the meaning of the following:	[2]
	(i)	predator	
	(::\	haddan.	
	(ii)	herbivore	

4 (a) The Earth is made up of different layers. Draw and label a section through the Earth to show these layers.

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[3]

(b) Fig. 4.1 shows a section through the ocean floor.

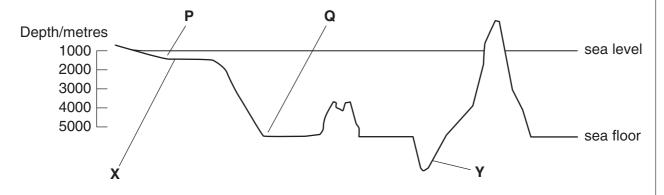


Fig. 4.1

	(1)	ivame	tne	structures	iabelled	x and	Y.
--	-----	-------	-----	------------	----------	--------------	----

X	
Υ	[2]

(ii) Samples of seawater taken from **P** and **Q** differ in their physical and chemical properties.

State two ways in which the sample taken from ${\bf P}$ would differ from the sample taken at ${\bf Q}$.

1	 										
2	 										

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(c) Fig. 4.2 shows the temperature of seawater from 0 to 100 metres.

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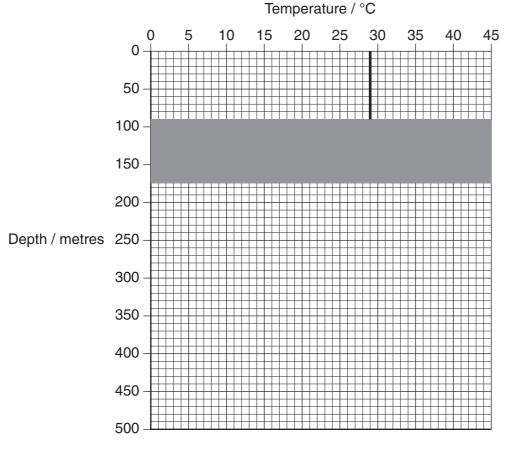


Fig. 4.2

()	S .

(ii) Complete Fig. 4.2 to show how the temperature changes from a depth of 100 metres to a depth of 500 metres. [2]

(d) Scientists believe global warming is due to greenhouse gases.

State the name of the shaded area in Fig. 4.2.

(i)	Name to	wo green	house gases.	
-----	---------	-----------------	--------------	--

1	 	 	

2[2]

(ii) State **one** possible effect of global warming.

 •••••

5 Fig. 5.1 shows a skipjack tuna.

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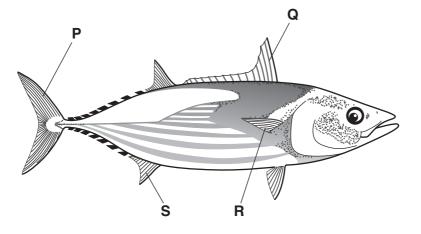


		Fig. 5.1	
(a)	Nar	ne the fins labelled P, Q and S.	
	Р		
	Q		
	S		[3]
(b)	(i)	State three ways in which tuna is adapted for moven	nent in water.
		1	
		2	
		3	
			[3]
	(ii)	Give the letter of the fin that is used to	
		propel the tuna through water	
		prevent the fish pitching up and down.	[2]

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6 Fig. 6.1 shows the freshwater fish catch and aquaculture production between 1970 and 2000.

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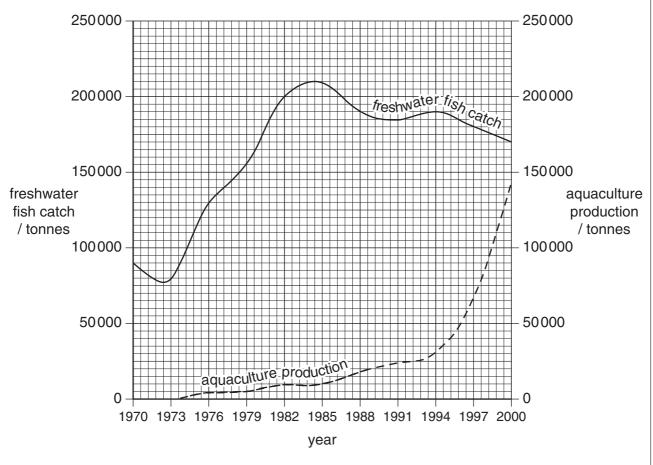


Fig. 6.1

Explain what is meant by the term aquaculture.
[3]

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(b)	(i)	Find the difference between the freshwater fish catch and aquaculture production in each of the following years:	For Examiner's Use
		1982 tonnes.	
		2000 tonnes. [2]	
	(ii)	Name one organism produced by aquaculture in the Maldives.	
		[1]	
(c)		e one advantage and one disadvantage of aquaculture compared to methods used apture wild stock.	
	Adv	antage	
	Disa	advantage	
		[2]	

(a) Fig. 7.1 shows three types of fishing gear. (Diagrams are not to scale) В C Fig. 7.1 Give the name of the fishing gear labelled **A**, **B** and **C**. **C**[3] (b) Fig. 7.2 shows a Gill net. Fig. 7.2 Explain how Gill nets can be set at different depths in the sea.[2] (ii) Explain how this type of net catches fish.

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.....[1]

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8 (a) Table 8.1 shows the Marine Protected Areas (MPAs) of the Maldives in 2005.

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Table 8.1

Atoll	Marine Protected Area
	Faruhuruvalhi Beyru
	Karibeyru Thila
Alifu	Kudarah Thila
Alliu	Maya Thila
	Mushimasmigili Thila
	Orimas Thila
Baa	Dhigali Haa/Horubadhoo Thila
Lhoviyoni	Fusheevaru Thila
Lhaviyani	Kureddhoo Kandu Olhi
Dhaalu	Fushi Kandu
Voorus	Miyaru Kandu
Vaavu	Vattaru Kandu
Faafu	Filitheyo Kandu
	Dhekunu Thilafalhuge Miyaruvani
	Emboodhoo Kandu Olhi
	Gaathugiri/Ad'dhashugiri
	Giraavaru Kuda Haa
 Kaafu	Gulhifalhu/Kollavani
Naaiu	Guraidhoo Kandu Olhi
	Lankan Thila
	Makunudhoo Kandu Olhi
	Rasfari Faru
	Thamburudhoo Thila
Meemu	Lhazikuraadi
Raa	Vilingili Thila

Calculate the number of MPAs that are on Kaafu Atoll, as a percentage of the total number of MPAs.

[2
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(b)	(i)	What is the purpose of the MPAs?	For
			Examiner's Use
		[2]	
	(ii)	Suggest two activities that are banned in the MPA's.	
		1	
		2	

9 (a) Fig. 9.1 shows a FAD.



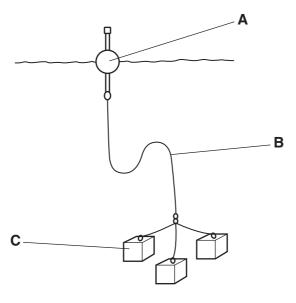


Fig. 9.1

(i)	What is a FAD?
	[1]
(ii)	Identify the parts labelled A, B and C.
	A
	В
	C [1]
(iii)	Explain why FADs attract tuna.
	[3]

(b) Fig. 9.2 shows the relationship between the length of time spent fishing at a FAD and the money earned from fishing.

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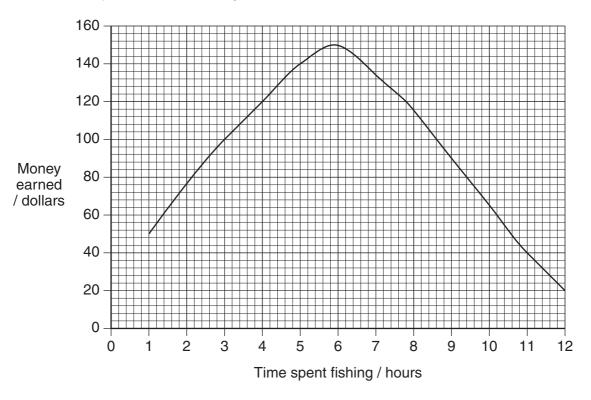


Fig. 9.2

Which length of time spent fishing gives the greatest revenue?

.....[1]

10	(a)	(i)	(i) Explain what is meant by the Maximum Sustainable Yield (MS	Explain what is meant by the Maximum Sustainable Yield (MSY).	For Formings'
				Examiner's Use	
			[2]]	
		(ii)	What will happen to a fish population if the MSY is exceeded?		
			[1]		
	(b)	Sta	te three ways by which fishing may be regulated to maintain fish stocks.		
		1			
		2			
		3			
			[3]	,	

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